# Data processing for manometric BMP measurements

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# 1 Introduction

Manometric methods are commonly used for measuring biogas and methane production in order to determine methane potential and anaerobic biodegradability of a given substrate. In manometric methods, bottle headspace pressure is measured under constant temperature conditions from different techniques such as using pressure manometers or transducers, manometer assisted syringes, or low flow pressure [1]. The measured pressure is converted to biogas and methane (if composition is provided) volume data using manometric calculation methods. Manometric methods require accumulation of biogas within the bottle headspace. Headspace pressure is usually measured with a portable manometer, which evaluates the pressure relative to atmospheric pressure.

Determination of CH<sub>4</sub> volume from manometric measurements requires data processing. The calcBgMan() function was developed to process manometric data. A newly developed biogas package (available for the R environment since 2015) address issues with time-consuming calculations and lack of reproducibility among laboratories for obtaining BMP [2]. The biogas package consists of ten functions including cumBg(), which are used for processing volumetric, manometric, gravimetric, and gas density measurements. The resulting biogas and methane production and production rates can be further used to calculate BMP using the summBg() function. This document describes how to process manometric biogas measurements using the calcBgMan() function. We assumed that readers are familiar with biogas data collection and R.

# 2 Overview of the Function

calcBgMan() is a "high-level" function within the biogas package. The purpose of calcBgMan() is to convert pressure data collected in the laboratory to cumulative biogas and CH<sub>4</sub> production and production rates. Typically, these values will then be used for calculation of BMP, e.g. using the summBg() function. calcBgMan() can handle data from multiple bottles and accepts three different data structures. For simple operations (e.g. interpolation and standardization

of biogas volume) calcBgMan() is supported by calls to external "low-level" functions (refer to Section 5, Table 1).

Two manometric methods are commonly used to calculate methane production from pressure and composition measurements. Method 1 is based on normalized CH<sub>4</sub> concentrations, whereas method 2 accounts for the actual CH<sub>4</sub> in the bottle headspace. Both methods are available through calcBgMan() and results are expected to be virtually identical. The examples below describe cumulative biogas calculation on two different datasets. The ''long'' structured dataset is evaluated using manometric method 1, whereas the ''longcombo'' dataset is evaluated using manometric method 2, as true methane concentrations are provided.

### 2.1 Function Arguments

The arguments for the calcBgMan() function are:

```
## function (dat, comp = NULL, temp = NULL,
             interval = TRUE, data.struct = "longcombo",
##
             id.name = "id", time.name = "time",
##
##
             pres.name = "pres", comp.name = "xCH4",
##
             temp.init = NULL, pres.init = NULL, pres.resid = NULL,
             rh.resid = NULL, rh.resid.init = 1,
##
             headspace = NULL, vol.hs.name = "vol.hs",
##
             absolute = TRUE, pres.amb = NULL,
##
##
             cmethod = "removed", imethod = "linear",
##
             extrap = FALSE, addt0 = TRUE, showt0 = TRUE,
             dry = FALSE, empty.name = NULL,
##
##
             std.message = !quiet, check = TRUE,
             temp.std = getOption("temp.std", as.numeric(NA)),
##
             pres.std = getOption("pres.std", as.numeric(NA)),
##
##
             unit.temp = getOption("unit.temp", "C"),
             unit.pres = getOption("unit.pres", "atm"),
##
##
             quiet = FALSE)
## NULL
```

Most of the arguments have default values, but to calculate CH<sub>4</sub> production we must provide values for at least dat (data frame with pressure measurements), comp (data frame with gas composition), and temp (biogas temperature)<sup>1</sup> along with the names of a few columns in the input data frames. If the comp argument (or, for the ''longcombo'' format, the comp.name argument) is not provided, calcBgMan() will return results for biogas only and not CH<sub>4</sub>.

<sup>1.</sup> By default, temperature is in °C and pressure in atm, but these can be changed in the function call with the temp.unit and pres.unit arguments, or globally with options. The same default values apply for temperature and pressure for presentation of biogas and methane, but these can be changed in the function call with the temp.std and pres.std arguments.

By default interval = TRUE and data.struct is set as ''longcombo''.
''wide'' and ''long'' structured data will be restructured to ''longcombo''
internally by cumBgDataPrep(), when specified by the data.struct argument
(refer to Section 2.2). When data are cumulative, the interval argument should
be set to FALSE.

Similarly, there is an id.name argument for the bottle identification code (ID) column (default is ''id''). For data.struct = ''wide'', there is no ID column. Instead data for each bottle, have individual columns and column names, which are used as ID codes. Here, the name of the column containing the response variables (pres.name), is set as the name of the first column with response variables. All following columns are assumed to have measurement data.

Furthermore, we need to specify the name of the time column containing time data using the time.name argument (default is ''time''). If separate data frames are used for dat and comp, the name must match. Time data may be POSIXct objects, but then to will not be added to rows by the calcBgMan() function. In addition, the addto argument is used to add row with "time zero" (time.name = 0) for each bottle in order to calculate production rates for the first observation (default is TRUE). showto determines if the "time zero" should be returned in the output (default is TRUE if time.name is numeric and contains 0 and otherwise FALSE). The use of to output is for plotting.

The comp.name argument is used to indicate which column within the comp data frame contains  $CH_4$  concentrations. Default is "xCH4". comp may also just be a single value instead of a data frame or column. When providing a single value for comp, this value is applied to all observations and the comp.name argument is not needed. The definition of xCH4 depends on the cmethod argument. By default (cmethod = "removed") the function calculates volumes following [3] as the product of standardized volume of biogas removed and normalized  $CH_4$  content (as mole fraction in dry biogas, normalized so the sum of mole fractions of  $CH_4$  and  $CO_2$  sum to unity). If results should be based on the sum of methane removed and methane remaining in the bottle headspace, cmethod should be set to "total". When cmethod = "total",  $CH_4$  concentration is expressed relative to all biogas components except water ( $CH_4$ ,  $CO_2$ ,  $N_2$ ,  $H_2S$ , etc.) instead of  $CH_4$  and  $CO_2$  only.

If any CH<sub>4</sub> measurements are missing, "xCH4" is interpolated by the external "low-level" function interp(). Here, the imethod argument can be used to define interpolation method (default is "linear"), which is passed to interp(). Similar, an extrap argument is passed to interp() (default is FALSE). The extrap argument is used to indicate if composition data (comp.name) should be extrapolation (e.g. in the case of missing initial composition values). Extrapolation is constant (the value of the nearest observation is taken). In general, extrapolation and extensive interpolation should be avoided.

Initial headspace temperature and pressure are required to determine initial gas volume in the bottles and can be set using the temp.init and pres.init, respectively. Default values are NULL. Similarly, post venting headspace pressure is required for manometric calculation methods and can be set using the

pres.resid argument.

These are used to correct for apparent biogas production due simply to a change in headspace temperature or pressure between bottle sealing and the first measurements (frequently bottles are filled, flushed, and sealed at room temperature). Alternatively, this effect can be corrected by measuring pressure after the bottle temperature is increased to incubator temperature. In this case, the composition should be set to zero for this first measurement interval.

Initial and post venting headspace pressure can be absolute or gauge, depending on the absolute argument. If only a single pressure value is provided, this will be used for all observations. By default, pressure is absolute (absolute = TRUE). When absolute = FALSE, gauge pressure measurements are converted to absolute using the pres.amb argument, representing the absolute ambient pressure. pres.amb can only be set as a single value and is 101.325 kPa (1.0 atm) by default.

Additionally, a data frame containing headspace volumes is required if cmethod = ''total'' and should contain at least a headspace volume column (vol.hs.name) and a bottle identification column, with the same column name as in dat and comp data frames. The headspace volume column can be set using the vol.hs.name argument (default is ''vol.hs''). Initial relative humidity of gas in the headspace is set to 1 by default using the rh.resid.init argument. If values are provided for relative humidity of gas in the headspace after experiment was initiated, these can be defined by using the rh.resid argument.

#### 2.2 Data Structures

Input data may be structured in one of three ways: ''long'', 'wide'', or ''longcombo'' Default is ''longcombo'', where the composition column is in the dat data frame and no separate composition data frame is required. In the following examples all three data structures will be addressed. For more details about each of the three data structure refer to biogas\_quick\_start vignette.

# 3 Examples: Calculation of Cumulative Production of Biogas and CH<sub>4</sub> and Production Rates from Manometric Measurements

Calculation of cumulative biogas and CH<sub>4</sub> production and production rates, typically requires two data frames: Biogas volume measurements and biogas composition (CH<sub>4</sub> fraction)

# 3.1 ''longcombo'' Data Structure

In this example, we will use ''longcombo'' example datasets included in the biogas package: sludgeTwoBiogas for both biogas volumes and composition and sludgeTwoSetup for grouping and headspace volumes. In this experiment both manometric and gravimetric methods were used, which is where the "Two" comes from. Substrate and inoculum masses provided from sludgeTwoSetup are not interesting before calculation of BMP using summBg() (refer to Section 4).

These data are from an experiment carried out with seven different ratios of sludge + inoculum to headspace. The substrate was primary wastewater sludge. The experiment included 24 batch bottles, all with inoculum and one without substrate (blank):

- Three bottles with inoculum only (Blank50)
- Three bottles with wastewater sludge 25 (WWS25)
- Three bottles with wastewater sludge 25b (WWS25b)
- Three bottles with wastewater sludge 40 (WWS40)
- Three bottles with wastewater sludge 50 (WWS50)
- Three bottles with wastewater sludge 50b (WWS50b)
- Three bottles with wastewater sludge 60 (WWS60)
- Three bottles with wastewater sludge 75 (WWS75)

More details can be found in the helpfiles for these data.

```
data("sludgeTwoBiogas")
dim(sludgeTwoBiogas)
## [1] 324  8
head(sludgeTwoBiogas)
```

```
## id time.d pres mass.init mass.final xCH4 xCO2 xCH4n
## 2 1 0.6270833 368 187.4149
                           187.3814 0.1010 0.1004 0.5014896
## 3 1 1.6027778 286 187.3823 187.3568 0.2253 0.1610 0.5832255
## 5 1 2.7152778 142 187.3406 187.3287 0.3246 0.2062 0.6115298
## 6 1 3.6180556 168 187.3295
                           187.3150 0.3674 0.2222 0.6231343
summary(sludgeTwoBiogas)
##
       id
                  time.d
                                 pres
## Min. : 1.0 Min. : 0.000 Min. : 0.0
##
  1st Qu.: 8.0
              1st Qu.: 2.715
                            1st Qu.: 181.0
## Median :12.5
              Median: 8.637 Median: 358.0
## Mean :12.0
              Mean :18.113 Mean : 565.4
## 3rd Qu.:17.0 3rd Qu.:24.029
                             3rd Qu.: 753.0
##
  Max. :21.0 Max. :83.662
                             Max. :3785.0
##
   mass.init
               mass.final
                                 xCH4
## Min. :144.7 Min. :144.7
                            Min. :0.0000
## 1st Qu.:163.6 1st Qu.:163.6 1st Qu.:0.5479
## Median:183.5 Median:183.5 Median:0.6201
## Mean :184.3 Mean :184.2 Mean :0.5460
## 3rd Qu.:200.0 3rd Qu.:199.9
                             3rd Qu.:0.6418
  Max. :228.4
               Max. :228.4
                            Max. :0.7377
##
##
       xCO2
                    xCH4n
## Min. :0.0000
               Min. :0.0000
## 1st Qu.:0.2599
               1st Qu.:0.6446
## Median :0.3012 Median :0.6602
## Mean :0.2791 Mean :0.6220
## 3rd Qu.:0.3354
                 3rd Qu.:0.6727
## Max. :0.6344 Max. :0.7637
data("sludgeTwoSetup")
dim(sludgeTwoSetup)
## [1] 18 5
head(sludgeTwoSetup)
    id descrip vol.hs m.inoc m.sub.vs
## 1 1 Blank50 79.980 80.02 0.0000000
## 2 2 Blank50 79.980 80.02 0.0000000
## 3 3 Blank50 79.950 80.05 0.0000000
## 4 7 WWS75 117.575 35.02 0.3588463
## 5 8 WWS75 117.535 35.06 0.3588463
```

```
## 6
          WWS75 117.490 35.08 0.3600578
summary(sludgeTwoSetup)
##
          id
                       descrip
                                             vol.hs
##
    Min.
           : 1.00
                     Length:18
                                         Min.
                                                : 38.91
##
    1st Qu.: 8.25
                     Class : character
                                         1st Qu.: 63.19
##
    Median :12.50
                     Mode :character
                                         Median: 80.56
           :12.00
                                                : 80.05
##
    Mean
                                         Mean
    3rd Qu.:16.75
                                         3rd Qu.: 99.43
##
##
    Max.
           :21.00
                                         Max.
                                                :117.58
##
        m.inoc
                         m.sub.vs
           : 35.02
                             :0.0000
##
    Min.
                      Min.
    1st Qu.: 50.06
                      1st Qu.:0.3591
##
    Median: 72.59
                      Median : 0.5864
           : 68.39
##
    Mean
                      Mean
                             :0.5605
    3rd Qu.: 80.05
                      3rd Qu.:0.8130
##
   Max. :100.08
                      Max. :1.0191
```

The first step in processing data from a BMP trial is calculation of cumulative biogas and CH<sub>4</sub> production and production rates. Subsequently, BMP can be calculated by the high-level function summBg() included in the biogas package. Cumulative biogas and CH<sub>4</sub> production and production rates from pressure data with sludgeTwoBiogas and sludgeTwoSetup data frames as input can be calculated with calcBgMan().

To calculate CH<sub>4</sub> production from these ''longcombo'' data, we must provide values for at least dat and comp, which is in a combined data frame (we will use sludgeTwoBiogas), and temp (biogas temperature) along with the names of a few columns in our input data frame.

We can use default values ''longcombo'', ''id'', and ''pres'' for the data.struct, id.name, and pres.name arguments, respectively. Whereas, the time.name and comp.name arguments need to be specified as ''time.d'' and ''xCH4n'', respectively. Similar, default values can be used for cmethod = ''removed'', evaluating CH<sub>4</sub> concentration based on normalized CH<sub>4</sub> and CO<sub>2</sub> values, for imethod = ''linear'', resulting in internal linear interpolation of ''xCH4n'' by calling the interp() function, and for extrap = FALSE.

Initial headspace temperature and pressure and post venting headspace pressure are set as constants using the temp.init, pres.init, and pres.resid arguments, respectively. Initial and post venting headspace pressure can be absolute or gauge depending on the value of the absolute argument. We will set absolute = FALSE to account for pressure measurements provided in gauge. In order to calculate absolute pressure from gauge pressure measurements when absolute = FALSE, a single absolute ambient pressure value is required. Here we will set pres.amp to 1013 mbar. Note the unit of the pressure data in sludgeTwoBiogas. Default unit is atm, but can be changed using the unit.pres argument. In this example we set the unit.pres = "mbar" to match unit of

pres.name and pres.resid column. Absolute ambient pressure is provided in the same unit as defined in the unit.pres argument.

Finally, headspace volumes are provided from sludgeTwoSetup. The data frame containing headspace volumes is defined using the headspace argument, whereas the default value "vol.hs" can be used for the column containing headspace volume data.

Note the message about standard temperature and pressure. It is important to make sure these values are correct, therefore users are reminded by a message<sup>2</sup>. Also, note warning about pressure unit. This warning is to make sure all pressure measurements are gauge, as absolute is set to FALSE, meaning all pressure data are corrected to absolute pressure by the calcBgMan() function.

The output becomes:

```
head(cum.prod.lc)
           time.d pres mass.init mass.final
                                               xCH4
                                                      xCO2
     1 0.0000000
                       187.4168
                                   187.4168 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000000
                     0
      1 0.6270833
                        187.4149
                                   187.3814 0.1010 0.1004 0.5014896
                   368
                                   187.3568 0.2253 0.1610 0.5832255
     1 1.6027778
                  286
                       187.3823
     1 1.9972222
                   134
                        187.3538
                                   187.3447 0.2485 0.1800 0.5799300
## 5
      1 2.7152778
                   142
                        187.3406
                                   187.3287 0.3246 0.2062 0.6115298
                        187.3295
      1 3.6180556 168
                                   187.3150 0.3674 0.2222 0.6231343
     vol.hs temperature pres.resid pres.abs pres.resid.abs
## 1
     79.98
                     30
                                 0
                                        1013
                                                       1013
## 2
      79.98
                     30
                                 0
                                        1381
                                                       1013
## 3
     79.98
                     30
                                 0
                                        1299
                                                       1013
                                 0
## 4
     79.98
                     30
                                        1147
                                                       1013
## 5
     79.98
                     30
                                 0
                                        1155
                                                       1013
## 6
      79.98
                     30
                                 0
                                        1181
                                                       1013
      rh.resid pres.resid.prev rh.resid.prev temp.prev xCH4n.prev
```

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Remember that standard conditions can be set in the function call with temp.std and pres.std, or globally with options().

```
## 1 1.0000000
                           1013
                                    1.0000000
                                                      30
                                                          0.0000000
## 2 0.7335264
                           1013
                                    1.0000000
                                                          0.0000000
                                                      30
## 3 0.7798306
                           1013
                                    0.7335264
                                                      30
                                                          0.5014896
## 4 0.8831735
                           1013
                                    0.7798306
                                                          0.5832255
                                                      30
## 5 0.8770563
                           1013
                                    0.8831735
                                                      30
                                                          0.5799300
## 6 0.8577477
                           1013
                                    0.8770563
                                                      30
                                                          0.6115298
                                                 rvBg
##
                     vCH4
                              cvBg
                                      cvCH4
                                                          rvCH4
           vBg
##
     0.000000
                0.000000
                           0.00000
                                    0.00000
                                                   NA
                                                             NA
## 2 26.168144 13.123052 26.16814 13.12305 41.72993 20.927125
## 3 19.530015 11.390402 45.69816 24.51345 20.01653 11.674149
## 4 8.861695
                5.139163 54.55985 29.65262 22.46627 13.028864
## 5 9.743608
               5.958506 64.30346 35.61112 13.56943
## 6 11.573914 7.212103 75.87738 42.82323 12.82034
dim(cum.prod.lc)
## [1] 324 24
```

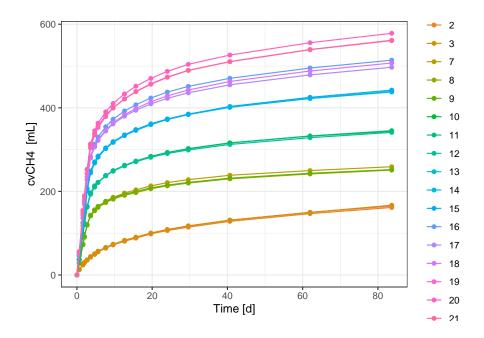
The data frame that is returned has maintained the ''longcombo'' structure with all the original columns in sludgeTwoBiogas, plus additional columns from manometric biogas calculations.

v stands for (standardized) volume, cv (standardized) cumulative volume, rv stands for (standardized) volume production rate, and Bg and CH4 for biogas and methane. cvBg contains standardized cumulative biogas production and cvCH4 contains standardized cumulative  $\mathrm{CH_4}$  production.

Graphical illustrations often increases interpretability. Here we will use the ggplot function from the ggplot2 package to plot it.

```
library(ggplot2)

ggplot(cum.prod.lc, aes(time.d, cvCH4, colour = factor(id))) +
   geom_point() +
   geom_line(aes(group = id)) +
   labs(x = "Time [d]", y = "cvCH4 [mL]", colour = "Bottle id") +
   theme_bw()
```



# 3.2 ''long'' Data Structure

In this example, we will use ''long'' example data set included in the biogas package: strawPressure for headspace pressure in batch bottles, strawComp for methane content of biogas, and strawSetup for grouping and headspace volumes.

These data are interval-based BMP measurement of headspace pressure in 12 bottles with straw as the substrate. The experiment included 12 batch bottles:

- Two bottles with inoculum and straw treated with treatment r3
- Two bottles with inoculum and straw treated with treatment r5
- Two bottles with inoculum and straw treated with treatment r6.5
- Two bottles with inoculum and straw treated with treatment r8
- Two bottles with inoculum and straw treated with treatment r8 no buff
- Two bottles with inoculum and straw treated with treatment r9

Bottles were ca. 600 mL glass serum bottles with butyl rubber septa and screw caps. Pressure was measured using an electronic manometer. Data in strawMass, strawSetup, and strawComp are from the same bottles. More details can be found in the helpfiles for these data.

```
data("strawPressure")
dim(strawPressure)
## [1] 72 5
head(strawPressure)
     bottle
##
                         date.time time
                                            pres pres.resid
          1 2016-04-28 10:30:00.00 1.9 153.2034
## 1
                                                    101.629
## 2
          2 2016-04-28 10:30:00.00
                                   1.9 152.0888
                                                    101.629
## 3
          3 2016-04-28 10:30:00.00 1.9 142.0576
                                                    101.629
          4 2016-04-28 10:30:00.00 1.9 142.1590
                                                    101.629
          5 2016-04-28 10:30:00.00 1.9 138.7139
## 5
                                                    101.629
          6 2016-04-28 10:30:00.00 1.9 139.5245
                                                    101.629
summary(strawPressure)
##
        bottle
                                     date.time
                                                     time
##
   Min. : 1.00
                    2016-04-28 10:30:00.00:12
                                                       : 1.900
                                                Min.
   1st Qu.: 3.75
##
                    2016-04-29 16:00:00.00:12
                                                1st Qu.: 3.120
##
   Median: 6.50
                    2016-04-30 13:20:00.00:12
                                                Median : 4.965
   Mean : 6.50
                  2016-05-02 11:00:00.00:12
                                                Mean : 5.987
```

```
## 3rd Qu.: 9.25 2016-05-04 14:30:00.00:12 3rd Qu.: 8.060
## Max. :12.00 2016-05-09 10:45:00.00:12 Max. :12.910
   pres
##
                 pres.resid
## Min. :103.9 Min. :101.0
## 1st Qu.:125.3 1st Qu.:101.6
## Median :138.8 Median :101.8
## Mean :140.2 Mean :101.7
## 3rd Qu.:155.0 3rd Qu.:102.0
## Max. :180.7 Max. :102.1
data("strawComp")
dim(strawComp)
## [1] 63 4
head(strawComp)
## bottle
                      date.time time xCH4
## 1 1 2016-04-28 10:30:00.00 1.9 0.4189
## 2
       2 2016-04-28 10:30:00.00 1.9 0.4219
## 3
        3 2016-04-28 10:30:00.00 1.9 0.3395
       4 2016-04-28 10:30:00.00 1.9 0.3015
## 4
       5 2016-04-28 10:30:00.00 1.9 0.2769
       6 2016-04-28 10:30:00.00 1.9 0.2850
## 6
summary(strawComp)
##
     bottle
                                  date.time
                                               time
## Min. : 1.000 2016-04-28 10:30:00.00:12 Min. : 1.900
## 1st Qu.: 3.000
                   2016-05-04 14:30:00.00:11 1st Qu.: 3.120
## Median : 6.000
                   2016-04-30 13:20:00.00:10 Median : 4.010
## Mean : 6.175 2016-05-09 10:45:00.00: 9 Mean : 5.724
## 3rd Qu.: 9.000 2016-04-29 15:35:00.00: 1 3rd Qu.: 8.060
## Max. :12.000
                   2016-04-29 15:40:00.00: 1 Max. :12.910
##
                   (Other)
                                      :19
```

##

##

##

xCH4 ## Min. :0.01187 ## 1st Qu.:0.30020

Median :0.43490 ## Mean :0.39450 ## 3rd Qu.:0.48925 ## Max. :0.88720

```
data("strawSetup")
dim(strawSetup)
## [1] 12 6
head(strawSetup)
##
     bottle treatment
                                        start sub.mass inoc.mass
## 1
          1
                   r3 2016-04-26 13:00:00.00
                                                   5.27
                                                            45.36
## 2
                                                   5.27
                   r3 2016-04-26 13:00:00.00
                                                            43.88
## 3
          3
                   r5 2016-04-26 13:00:00.00
                                                   5.28
                                                            26.27
## 4
          4
                   r5 2016-04-26 13:00:00.00
                                                   5.30
                                                            26.95
## 5
          5
                 r6.5 2016-04-26 13:00:00.00
                                                   5.31
                                                            20.37
                 r6.5 2016-04-26 13:00:00.00
## 6
          6
                                                   5.29
                                                            20.61
##
     headspace
         491.3
## 1
## 2
         493.3
## 3
         502.9
## 4
         502.4
## 5
         502.4
## 6
         505.8
summary(strawSetup)
##
        bottle
                          treatment
                                                        start
##
   Min. : 1.00
                               :2
                                    2016-04-26 13:00:00.00:12
                    r3
##
   1st Qu.: 3.75
                    r5
                               :2
                               :2
##
   Median: 6.50
                    r6.5
##
   Mean : 6.50
                    r8
                               :2
    3rd Qu.: 9.25
                    r8 no buff:2
##
    Max.
           :12.00
##
##
                                       headspace
       sub.mass
                     inoc.mass
##
   Min.
           :5.240
                    Min.
                            :14.57
                                     Min.
                                             :491.3
##
   1st Qu.:5.270
                    1st Qu.:16.48
                                     1st Qu.:502.4
   Median :5.280
                    Median :18.76
##
                                     Median :502.9
##
           :5.284
                            :23.31
                                             :503.1
   Mean
                    Mean
                                     Mean
##
    3rd Qu.:5.300
                     3rd Qu.:26.44
                                     3rd Qu.:507.5
##
   Max.
           :5.340
                    Max. :45.36
                                     Max. :509.5
```

As with the ''longcombo'' data, cumulative production of  $CH_4$  is needed in order to calculate BMP. Again, we can calculate these with the calcBgMan function, using strawPressure, strawComp, and strawSetup data frames as input.

To calculate CH<sub>4</sub> production from these ''long'' structured data, we must provide values for at least dat, comp, and temp along with the names of a few

columns in our input data frame. The dat and comp arguments are set as the data frames: strawPressure and strawComp, respectively, whereas temp is set as single values of 31 °C. For data.struct != ''longcombo'' the data structure needs to be specified. Here we set data.struct = ''long''. Furthermore, we need to specify the name of the id column in strawPressure as bottle using the id.name argument.

We can use default values ''time'', ''pres'', and ''xCH4'' for the time.name, pres.name and comp.name arguments, respectively. The id and time columns create a link between the two data frames. Observations from different times can be solved by the external interp() function by interpolation. Similar, default values can be used for cmethod = "removed", evaluating CH<sub>4</sub> concentration based on normalized CH<sub>4</sub> and CO<sub>2</sub> values and for imethod = ''linear'', resulting in internal linear interpolation of ''xCH4'' by calling the interp() function. Additionally, the response variables are interval data only and hence, we can use the default interval = TRUE.

In addition to interpolation for later observations, an extrapolation argument (extrap) can be provided if required. We do not have initial biogas composition (compare the heads of strawPressure and strawComp) so extrapolation is required to calculate initial volumes and rates. Therefore, we need to set extrap = TRUE.

Initial headspace temperature and pressure are set as constant values using the temp.init and pres.init arguments, respectively. Headspace pressure after venting is provided from the strawPressure data frame and can be defined by assigning the column name to the pres.resid argument. Similar to the ''longcombo'' data example, we will set absolute = FALSE to account for pressure measurements provided in gauge. In order to calculate absolute pressure from gauge pressure measurements when absolute = FALSE, a single absolute ambient pressure value is required. To correct gauge pressure data to absolute pressure, we will set pres.amp to 101.3 kPa. Again, note the unit of the pressure data in strawPressure. Pressure unit is set as atm by default, but this can be changed using the unit.pres argument. In this example we will set the unit.pres = "kPa" to match unit of pres.name and pres.resid column.

Finally, headspace volumes are provided from strawSetup. The data frame containing these volumes is defined using the headspace argument, whereas the column is set as vol.hs.name = "headspace".

The output becomes:

```
## Biogas composition is interpolated.
## Pressure measurements are GAUGE. If this is incorrect, change 'absolute'
argument to TRUE.
## Using a standard pressure of 101.325 kPa and standard temperature
of 0 C for standardizing volume.
```

```
head(cum.prod.1)
##
     bottle
                          date.time time
                                              pres pres.resid
                               <NA> 0.00
## 1
                                                NA
          1
                                                            NA
##
  2
          1 2016-04-28 10:30:00.00 1.90 153.2034
                                                      101.6290
## 3
          1 2016-04-29 16:00:00.00 3.12 171.9485
                                                      101.8316
## 4
          1 2016-04-30 13:20:00.00 4.01 140.7404
                                                      101.8316
## 5
          1 2016-05-02 11:00:00.00 5.92 168.7061
                                                      102.1356
##
          1 2016-05-04 14:30:00.00 8.06 168.4022
                                                      102.0343
##
          xCH4 headspace temperature pres.abs pres.resid.abs
## 1
                       NA
            NA
                                   NΑ
                                             NΑ
                                                             NA
## 2 0.4189000
                    491.3
                                    31 254.5034
                                                       202.9290
## 3 0.4363556
                    491.3
                                    31 273.2485
                                                       203.1316
## 4 0.4413000
                    491.3
                                    31 242.0404
                                                       203.1316
## 5 0.5014287
                                    31 270.0061
                    491.3
                                                       203.4356
   6 0.5152000
                    491.3
                                    31 269.7022
                                                       203.3343
##
      rh.resid pres.resid.prev rh.resid.prev temp.prev xCH4.prev
##
##
  1
            NA
                             NA
                                            NA
                                                       NA
                                                                 NA
## 2 0.7973527
                                                    21.55 0.0000000
                       101.3000
                                     1.0000000
## 3 0.7433951
                       202.9290
                                     0.7973527
                                                    31.00 0.4189000
## 4 0.8392467
                                     0.7433951
                                                    31.00 0.4363556
                       203.1316
## 5 0.7534481
                       203.1316
                                     0.8392467
                                                    31.00 0.4413000
##
  6 0.7539216
                       203.4356
                                     0.7534481
                                                    31.00 0.5014287
##
          vBg
                    vCH4
                              cvBg
                                       cvCH4
                                                 rvBg
                                                           rvCH4
##
       0.0000
                 0.00000
                            0.0000
                                      0.0000
                                                    NA
                                                              NA
  2 644.8100 270.11092
                          644.8100 270.1109 339.3737 142.16364
                          946.9597 401.9556 247.6636 108.06940
## 3 302.1496 131.84467
## 4 164.3333
              72.52027 1111.2929 474.4759 184.6441
                                                        81.48345
## 5 287.9775 144.40021 1399.2705 618.8761 150.7736
                                                        75.60220
## 6 283.6379 146.13027 1682.9084 765.0063 132.5411
```

Note the message about standard temperature and pressure. It is important to make sure these values are correct, therefore users are reminded by a message<sup>3</sup>. Also, note that a "time zero" value is added to each bottle. This is due to the default value addt0 = TRUE, enabling calculation of production rates for the first observation.

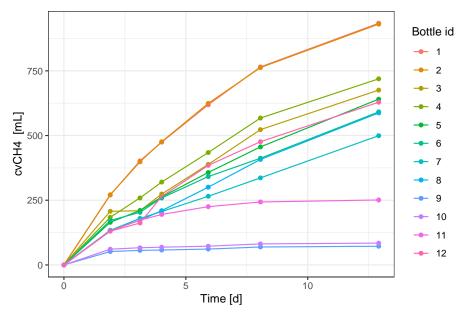
The data frame that is returned has been restructured to ''longcombo'' structure and contains all the original columns in strawPressure, plus addi-

 $<sup>^3</sup>$ Remember that standard conditions can be set in the function call with temp.std and pres.std, or globally with options().

tional columns from volumetric biogas calculations (refer to Section 3.1)

As with the ''longcombo'' data example, the ggplot function from the ggplot2 package is used to increase interpretability of the results.

```
ggplot(cum.prod.l, aes(time, cvCH4, colour = factor(bottle))) +
  geom_point() +
  geom_line(aes(group = bottle)) +
  labs(x = "Time [d]", y = "cvCH4 [mL]", colour = "Bottle id") +
  theme_bw()
```



Plotting results is recommended, and can be used to catch strange responses like for bottle # 2 here.

#### 3.3 Additional Examples

For examples using ''wide'' structured input data frame and varying settings of other arguments (e.g. addt0 and showt0), refer to vignette for volumetric cumBg function (cumBgVol\_function.Rnw).

# 4 Continuing With the calcBgMan() Function

The calcBgMan() function is one of several cumBg\*() functions within the biogas package. Results from the cumBg\*() functions can be used directly in the summBg() function from the biogas package to calculate BMP for the data in question. Though, this operation often requires additional setup information (e.g. inoculum and substrate mass), which is most commonly provided in an

external data frame (setup). More details can be found in the associated help file

# 5 Function Internals

In general, cumBg\*() functions consist of four sections: argument checks, restructuring and sorting data, interpolation if needed, and biogas standardization and calculations. Restructuring and sorting of data and interpolation are handled by the external functions cumBgDataPrep() and interp(), respectively. From interp() gas composition, cumulative biogas production, and other variables can be interpolated to a specified time if required. From cumBgDataPrep() "wide" and "long" data structure are restructured to "longcombo" data, which is required for calcBgMan() for further data processing. Additionally, data are sorted, headspace is added if provided, and composition data is corrected if it seems to be a percentage. Subsequently, the restructured and sorted data is standardized in cumBgVol() by an external function called stdVol().

calcBgMan() accepts all data structures, but the manometric calculation methods within calcBgMan() only process ''longcombo'' data. ''wide'' and ''long'' data are restructured internally by the "low-level" function cumBgDataPrep(). cumBgDataPrep() sorts and restructures biogas data for further calculation of cumulative biogas and methane production and production rates. The data.struct argument is internally passed to cumBgDataPrep() and restructured to ''longcombo'' structure prior to being processed by volumetric calculation methods.

Table 1: Operations done with the "low-level" functions in calcBgMan(). All functions are vectorized. See help files for more details.

Operation	Function
Standardize gas volume	stdVol()
Interpolate composition etc.	<pre>interp()</pre>
Structurize and sort data	<pre>cumBgDataPrep()</pre>

# References

- [1] J. Filer, H. H. Ding and S. Chang Biochemical Methane Potential (BMP) Assay Method for Anaerobic Digestion Research. *Water*, 11, 921, 2019.
- [2] Hafner, S.D., Koch, K., Carrere, H., Astals, S., Weinrich, S., Rennuit, C. 2018 Software for biogas research: Tools for measurement and prediction of methane production. SoftwareX 7: 205-210
- [3] B.K. Richards, R.J. Cummings, T.E. White, and W.J. Jewell. Methods for kinetic-analysis of methane fermentation in high solids biomass digesters. *Biomass & Bioenergy*, 1(2):65–73, 1991.