Transfer Data From R To Excel And Add Special Formating

Peter von Rohr

2016-01-21

Disclaimer

This document describes how a dataframe is transfered into an Excel workbook and how some special formatting is applied to the newly created spreadsheet all using R-package openxlsx.

Background

It is a fact that most statistics and data analysis is done in MS-Excel. Therefore comes the need to transfer data from different systems such as R into Excel workbooks.

Preparing steps

The first step before we can start with the data transfer is the installation of the R-package openxlsx. This installation can be done using the standard installation infrastructure in R.

install.packages(pkgs = "openxlsx")

After installing the package, it is always good to have a look at the documentation. This can be done using the command

browseVignettes(package = "openxlsx")

The above command will open a browser window showing links to two different documents.

		127.0.0.1	Ċ,
R Vignatias		127.0.0.1:19676/library/openalasynluc/Introduction-pdf	1
Vignettes in package openxisx	Vignette	cs found by "browscVignettes(package = "open	ixlsx")"
Examples - <u>PDF</u> source Formatting Examples - <u>PDF</u> source			

The first link points to a vignette showing some examples of how data can be transferred from R to Excel. In what follows, we try to use some of those examples which seam to be relevant for what we try to do.

Examples

The simplest way of writing data from R to Excel is by using the function write.xlsx(). This function accepts two arguments, the first being the name of a dataframe and the second is the name of the Excel file which is going to be created. Hence writing Andersens iris data to an Excel workbook can be done as follows

```
library(openxlsx)
write.xlsx(iris, file = "writeIrisToXLSX1.xlsx")
```

The next step is to define a style for the column headers. The styles are defined and saved in an object hs. This object is then passed to function write.xlsx().

From section "1 Formatting with writeData and writeDataTable"

```
## data.frame to write
df <- data.frame("Date"</pre>
                              = Sys.Date()-0:4,
                 "Logical"
                              = c(TRUE, FALSE, TRUE, TRUE, FALSE),
                 "Currency" = paste("$",-2:2),
                 "Accounting" = -2:2,
                 "hLink"
                              = "http://cran.r-project.org/",
                 "Percentage" = seq(-1, 1, length.out=5),
                 "TinyNumber" = runif(5) / 1E9, stringsAsFactors = FALSE)
class(df$Currency) <- "currency"</pre>
class(df$Accounting) <- "accounting"</pre>
class(df$hLink) <- "hyperlink"</pre>
class(df$Percentage) <- "percentage"</pre>
class(df$TinyNumber) <- "scientific"</pre>
## Formatting can be applied simply through the write functions
## global options can be set to further simplify things
options("openxlsx.borderStyle" = "thin")
options("openxlsx.borderColour" = "#4F81BD")
## create a workbook and add a worksheet
wb <- createWorkbook()</pre>
addWorksheet(wb, "writeData auto-formatting")
writeData(wb, 1, df, startRow = 2, startCol = 2)
writeData(wb, 1, df, startRow = 9, startCol = 2, borders = "surrounding")
writeData(wb, 1, df, startRow = 16, startCol = 2, borders = "rows")
writeData(wb, 1, df, startRow = 23, startCol = 2, borders ="columns")
writeData(wb, 1, df, startRow = 30, startCol = 2, borders ="all")
## headerStyles
hs1 <- createStyle(fgFill = "#4F81BD", halign = "CENTER", textDecoration = "Bold",
border = "Bottom", fontColour = "white")
writeData(wb, 1, df, startRow = 16, startCol = 10, headerStyle = hs1,
borders = "rows", borderStyle = "medium")
## to change the display text for a hyperlink column just write over those cells
writeData(wb, sheet = 1, x = paste("Hyperlink", 1:5), startRow = 17, startCol = 14)
```

Warning: Overwriting existing cell data.

1

[1] 1

```
## writing as an Excel Table
addWorksheet(wb, "writeDataTable")
writeDataTable(wb, 2, df, startRow = 2, startCol = 2)
writeDataTable(wb, 2, df, startRow = 9, startCol = 2, tableStyle = "TableStyleLight9")
writeDataTable(wb, 2, df, startRow = 16, startCol = 2, tableStyle = "TableStyleLight2")
writeDataTable(wb, 2, df, startRow = 23, startCol = 2, tableStyle = "TableStyleMedium21")
# openXL(wb)
```

Create our own style

Based on the above examples, we can combine some of the features to create our own style

openXL(wb)

With a larger test-data set

devtools::load_all()

Loading RZwToExcel